



RADIATION RESISTANCE OF BOROSILICATE GLASS TO BETA AND GAMMA RADIATION EVALUATED USING THE ACCELERATED PROTON METHOD

Aloy A. S.¹, Kovalev N. V.¹, Prokoshin A. M.¹, Karpovich N. F.¹, Koltsova T. I.¹, Gorshkov N. G.¹, Kalinin V. A.¹, Blokhin A. I.², Blokhin P. A.², Dorofeev A. N.³

¹JSC V. G. Khlopin Radium Institute, St. Petersburg, Russia

²Nuclear Safety Institute of the Russian Academy of Sciences, Moscow, Russia

³State Corporation Rosatom, Moscow, Russia

Article received on February 06, 2021

Preservation of the main physical and chemical properties of vitrified high-level waste over a long-time period under the influence of heavy radiation exposure is considered as an essential criterion for its quality assessment used to demonstrate the safety of intermediate storage under controlled conditions and subsequent final disposal of the waste. Earlier calculations covering a time period of up to 10⁴ years allowed to identify the maximum beta- and gamma-radiation induced dose loads for borosilicate glass (BSS) of a basic composition specifically designed to vitrify liquid HLW from ODC MCC [1]. This study evaluates potential feasibility of applying an accelerated proton beam to simulate radiation damage according to the type of beta-gamma effects produced on the BSS and investigates the consequences of such effects on its properties which is seen as a distinctive feature of this research.

Keywords: radioactive waste, borosilicate glass, radiation resistance, computational modeling, absorbed dose, cyclotron.

References

1. Aloy A. S., Trofimenko A. V., Kol'tsova T. I., Nikandrova M. V. Fiziko-khimicheskie kharakteristiki osteklovannykh model'nykh VAO ODTs GKHK [Physico-Chemical Characteristics of the Vitrified Simulated HLW at EDC MCC]. *Radioaktivnye otkhody — Radioactive Waste*, 2018, no. 4 (5), pp. 67–75.
2. Aloy A. S., Kovalev N. V., Prokoshin A. M., Blokhin A. I., Blokhin P. A. et al. K voprosu ob otsenke pogloshchennoi dozy v osteklovannykh vysokoaktivnykh radioaktivnykh otkhodakh s uchetom real'noi geometrii bidonov [On the Evaluation of Absorbed Dose in Vitrified High Level Radioactive Waste with the Account of Real Can Geometry]. *Yadernaya i radiatsionnaya bezopasnost' — Nuclear and Radiation Safety*, 2020, no. 4 (98), pp. 61–72.
3. Aloy A. S., Blokhin A. I., Blokhin P. A., Kovalev N. V. Radiatsionnye kharakteristiki borosilikatnogo stekla, soderzhashchego vysokoaktivnye otkhody [Radiation Characteristics of Borosilicate Glass Containing High-Level Waste]. *Radioaktivnye otkhody — Radioactive Waste*, 2020, no. 3 (12), pp. 93–100.
4. Gin S., Jollivet P., Tribet M., Peugeot S., Schuler S. Radionuclides Containment in Nuclear Glasses: an Overview. *Radiochim. Acta*, 2017, vol. 105, no. 11, pp. 927–959.
5. Izokhronnyy tsiklotron MGTs-20 [Isochronous cyclotron MGTs-20]. URL: <http://www.niiefa.spb.su/site/right/medicine/nuclear/mgc-20> (accessed 01.08.2020).
6. Sato T., Iwamoto Y., Hashimoto S., Ogawa T. et al. Features of Particle and Heavy Ion Transport Code System PHITS Version 3.02. *J. Nucl. Sci. Technol*, 2018, vol. 55, pp. 684–690.
7. Degtyarev I. I., Novoskoltsev F. N., Liashenko O. A., Gulina E. V., Morozova L. V. RTS&T-2014 code status. *Nuclear Energy and Technology*, 2015, vol. 1, iss. 3, pp. 222–225.
8. Pryanichnikov A. A., Simakov A. S., Degtyarev I. I., Novoskoltsev F. N., Altukhova E. V., Altukhov Yu. V., Sinyukov R. Yu., Blokhin A. I. Verifikatsiya mirovykh bibliotek otsenennykh yadernykh dannykh na

osnove bazovykh integral'nykh ehksperimentov v ramkakh programmnoy kompleksa RTS&T [Verification of the World Evaluated Nuclear Data Libraries on the Basis of Integral Experiments Using the RTS&T Code System]. *VANT, ser. Yaderno-reaktornye konstanty — Problems of Atomic Science and Technology. Series: Nuclear and Reactor Constants*, 2018, no. 1, pp. 127–136.

9. Herman M., Trkov A. ENDF-6 Formats Manual Data Formats and Procedures for the Evaluated Nuclear Data Files ENDF/B-VI and ENDF/B-VII. CSEWG Document ENDF-102 Report BNL-90365-2009 Rev. 1. URL: <https://www.oecd-nea.org/dbdata/data/manual-endf/endf102.pdf>.

10. Weber W. J., Ewing R. C., Angell C. A. et al. Radiation effects in glasses used for immobilization of high-level waste and plutonium disposition. *J. Mat. Res.*, 1997, vol. 12, no. 8, pp. 1946–1978.

11. GOST 9553-2017. Mezhhgosudarstvennyi standart. Steklo i izdeliya iz nego. Metod opredeleniya plotnosti [Glass and glass products. Density determination method].

12. GOST R 52126-2003. Natsional'nyi standart Rossiiskoi Federatsii. Otkhody radioaktivnye. Opredelenie khimicheskoi ustoychivosti otverzhdennykh vysokoaktivnykh otkhodov metodom dlitel'nogo vyshchelachivaniya [Radioactive waste. Long time leach testing of solidified radioactive waste forms].

13. NP-019-15. Federal'nyye normy i pravila v oblasti ispol'zovaniya atomnoy energii. Sbor, pererabotka, khraneniye i konditsionirovaniye zhidkikh radioaktivnykh otkhodov. Trebovaniya bezopasnosti [Federal norms and rules in the field of atomic energy use Collection, Processing, Storage and Conditioning of Liquid Radioactive Waste. Safety requirements].

Information about the authors

Aloy Albert Semenovich, Doctor of Sciences, chief researcher, JSC V. G. Khlopin Radium Institute (28, 2nd Murinsky Ave., St. Petersburg, 194021, Russia), e-mail: aloy@khlopin.ru.

Kovalev Nikita Vladimirovich, researcher, JSC V. G. Khlopin Radium Institute (28, 2nd Murinsky Ave., St. Petersburg, 194021, Russia), e-mail: kovalev@khlopin.ru.

Prokoshin Alexander Mikhailovich, lead engineer, JSC V. G. Khlopin Radium Institute (28, 2nd Murinsky Ave., St. Petersburg, 194021, Russia), e-mail: a.m.prokoshin@khlopin.ru.

Karpovich Natalia Fedorovna, Ph.D., leading researcher, JSC V. G. Khlopin Radium Institute (28, 2nd Murinsky Ave., St. Petersburg, 194021, Russia), e-mail: knf@khlopin.ru.

Koltsova Tatyana Ivanovna, lead engineer, JSC V. G. Khlopin Radium Institute (28, 2nd Murinsky Ave., St. Petersburg, 194021, Russia), e-mail: koltsova@khlopin.ru.

Gorshkov Nikolay Georgievich, Ph.D., leading researcher, JSC V. G. Khlopin Radium Institute (28, 2nd Murinsky Ave., St. Petersburg, 194021, Russia) until December 2020.

Kalinin Valery Anatolyevich, Ph.D., head of laboratory, JSC V. G. Khlopin Radium Institute (28, 2nd Murinsky Ave., St. Petersburg, 194021, Russia), e-mail: v_kalinin@khlopin.ru.

Blokhin Anatoly Ivanovich, Ph.D., leading researcher, Nuclear Safety Institute of the Russian Academy of Sciences (52, Bolshaya Tulkaya st., Moscow, 115191, Russia), e-mail: bai@ibrae.ac.ru.

Blokhin Pavel Anatolievich, Ph.D., head of laboratory, Nuclear Safety Institute of the Russian Academy of Sciences (52, Bolshaya Tulkaya st., Moscow, 115191, Russia), e-mail: blokhin@ibrae.ac.ru.

Dorofeev Aleksander Nikolaevich, Ph.D., Head of the Project Office on the Development of a Unified Radioactive Waste Management System, State Corporation Rosatom (24, Bolshaya Ordynka st., Moscow, 119017, Russia), e-mail: ANDorofeev@rosatom.ru.

Bibliographic description

Aloy A. S., Kovalev N. V., Prokoshin A. M., Karpovich, N. F., Koltsova T. I., *Gorshkov N. G.*, Kalinin V. A., Blokhin A. I., Blokhin P. A., Dorofeev A. N. Radiation resistance of borosilicate glass to beta and gamma radiation evaluated using the accelerated proton method. *Radioactive Waste*, 2021, no. 1 (14), pp. 8–18. DOI: 10.25283/2587-9707-2021-1-8-18. (In Russian).